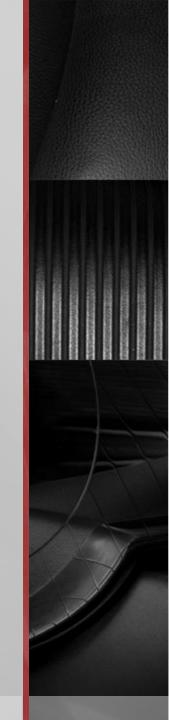
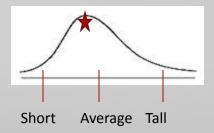
CSCI 446: Artificial Intelligence

Fuzzy Logic



Fuzzy Logic

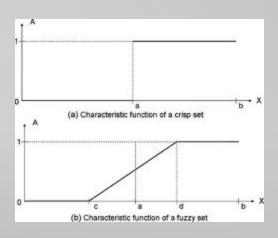
- Aristotle: A or (xor) not(A)
- Buddha: A and not(A)
- Example: My height
 - Ex-in-laws say I'm short
 - My family says I'm tall
 - Most people would say I'm on the short side of average



Fuzzy Logic

- Rather than a fact being either 1 or 0, true or false, fuzzy logic allows partial values, represented by real numbers, to indicate the possibility of truth or falsity
- Degrees of membership rather than crisp membership

- Membership Functions
 - Classical set theory is crisp
 x ∈ X OR x not ∈ X, but not both
 - Called the principle of dichotomy
- Membership functions (fuzzy) or Characteristic functions (crisp)



- Linguistic Variables and Hedges
 - A linguistic variable is a fuzzy variable

```
If age is young
And previous_accepts are several
Then life_ins_accept is high

There are 3 linguistic variables here:
Age
Previous_accepts
Life_ins_accept
```

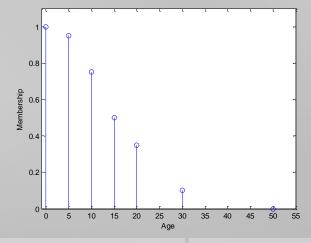
- Linguistic Variables and Hedges
 - We saw a continuous membership function a minute ago
 - Here is one way of defining a discrete membership function for age:

```
Age is young: \{(0/1.0), (5/0.95), (10/0.75), (15/0.50), (20/0.35), (30/0.10), (50/0.0)\} x/y: x is the value for age, y is the degree of set membership
```

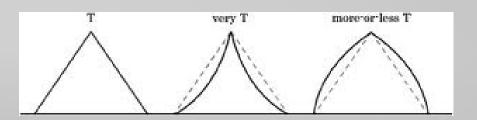
Note: some books put this as $\mu_{A}(x)/x$, with the degree of membership first $(\mu_{A}(x))$ and the

attribute value second (x)

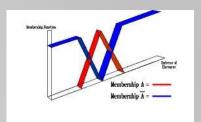
To find out if a person is young or not, given an age not listed, interpolate between the values



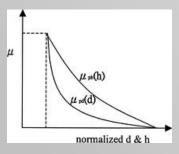
- Hedges:
 - All purpose modifiers: very, quite, extremely
 - Truth values: quite true, mostly false
 - Probabilities: likely, not very likely
 Roy's search and rescue rules somewhat likely, etc.
 - Quantifiers: most, several, few
 - Possibilities: almost impossible, quite possible



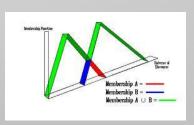
- Fuzzy Set Operations
 - Complement $\mu_{\sim A}(x) = 1 \mu_A(x)$



 Containment – Elements of a subset vs. set will have lesser degrees of membership



- Intersection $\mu_{A \cap B}(x) = \min[\mu_A(x), \mu_B(x)]$
- Union $\mu_{AUB}(x) = \max[\mu_A(x), \mu_B(x)]$



Fuzzy Rules

- Crisp Rule:
 - If age < 30 And previous _accepts > = 3 Then life ins promo = yes
- Fuzzy Rules:
 - Rule 1: Accept is high
 If age is young
 And previous_accepts are several
 Then life ins accept is high
 - Rule 2: Accept is moderate
 If age is middle-aged
 And previous_accepts are some
 Then life ins promo is moderate
 - Rule 3: Accept is low
 If age is old
 Then life insurance accept is low
- May have multiple antecedent clauses, joined by ANDs and ORs
- May have multiple consequents each one is affected equally by the antecedents

Fuzzy Inference

- The Process:
 - 1. Fuzzification
 - 2. Rule Inference
 - 3. Rule Composition
 - 4. Defuzzification

Fuzzy Inference

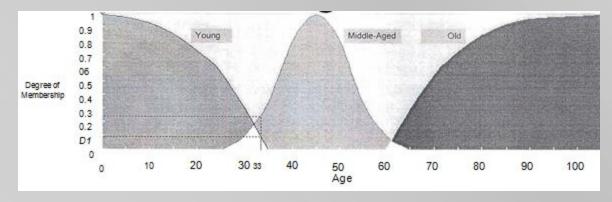
Example:

Let's say we have a person who is 33 years old and has 5 previous accepts.

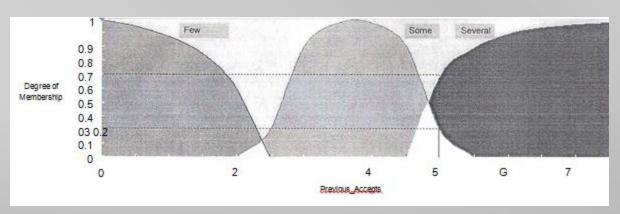
| Table 13.1 . Life Insurance Promotion Data | | | |
|--|-----|----------|----------------|
| | | Previous | Life Insurance |
| Instance # | Age | Accepts | Promotion |
| 1 | 25 | 2 | Yes |
| 2 | 33 | 4 | Yes |
| 3 | 19 | 1 | Yes |
| 4 | 43 | 5 | No |
| 5 | 35 | 1 | No |
| 6 | 26 | 3 | Yes |
| 7 | 50 | 2 | No |
| 8 | 24 | 2 | Yes |
| 9 | 20 | 0 | No |
| 10 | 62 | 3 | No |
| 11 | 36 | 5 | Yes |
| 12 | 27 | 0 | No |
| 13 | 28 | 1 | No |
| 14 | 25 | 3 | Yes |

Fuzzification

- Define membership functions for all linguistic (fuzzy) variables:
 - Age

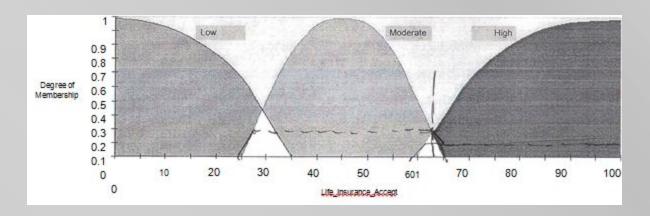


Previous_Accepts



Fuzzification

- Define membership functions for all linguistic (fuzzy) variables:
 - Life_Insurance_Accepts



Rule Inference

From our previous fuzzy rules... (Slide 9)

```
    age = middle-aged (0.25) young (0.10)
    previous accepts = some (0.20)
```

several (0.60)

Rule 1: age = young (0.10) AND prev accepts = some (0.25)

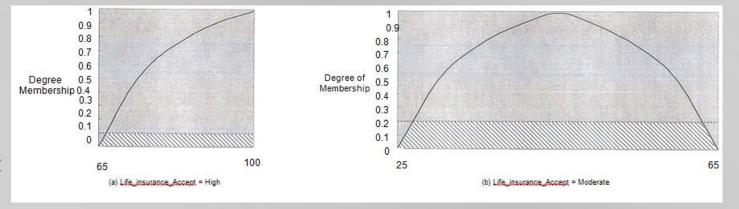
These are ANDed, so use min:0.10 degree of membership for life_ins = high

```
Rule 2: age = middle-aged (0.25)
AND
prev_accepts = some (0.20)
```

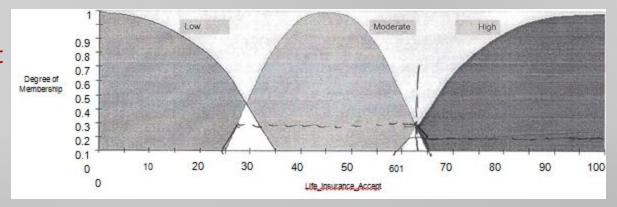
- These are ANDed, so use min again:0.20 degree of membership in life_ins = moderate
- Rule 3: doesn't apply because there is no degree of membership for age = old

Rule Composition

 Using the output of the fuzzy rules, and looking at the

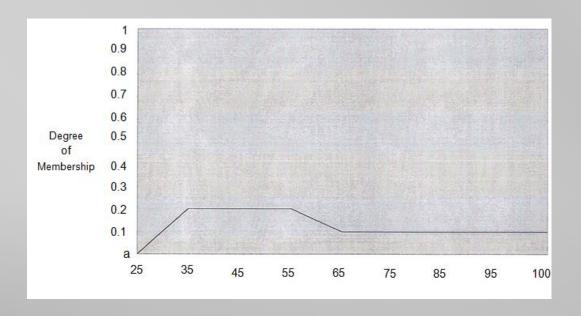


membership function for Life_Insurance_Accept we get the following graph:



Defuzzification

- Could use the largest value (max, or 0.20 in this case)
- OR
- Could compute the center of gravity (essentially the centroid, or mean)



Fuzzy Development Model

Steps:

- 1. Specify the problem and define linguistic variables
- 2. Determine fuzzy sets and membership functions
- 3. Elicit and construct fuzzy rules
- 4. Encode fuzzy sets, rules, procedures
- 5. Evaluate and tune the system

Fuzzy Logic Gone Wrong...

```
FIRST VILLAGER: We have found a witch. May we burn her?
ALL: A witch! Burn her!
BEDEVERE: Why do you think she is a witch?
SECOND VILLAGER: She turned me into a newt.
BEDEVERE: A newt?
SECOND VILLAGER (after looking at himself for some time): I got better.
ALL: Burn her anyway.
BEDEVERE: Quiet! Quiet! There are ways of telling whether she is a witch. Tell me . . . what do you do with witches?
ALL: Burn them
what do you do with witches?
ALL: Burn them.
BEDEVERE: And what do you burn, apart from witches?
FOURTH VILLAGER: ... Wood?
BEDEVERE: So why do witches burn?
SECOND VILLAGER: (pianissimo) Because they're made of wood?
BEDEVERE: Good.
ALL: I see. Yes, of course.
BEDEVERE: So how can we tell if she is made of wood?
FIRST VILLAGER: Make a bridge out of her.
BEDEVERE: An . . . but can you not also make bridges out of stone?
ALL: Yes, of course. . . um . . er . .
BEDEVERE: An . . . but can you not also make bridges out of stone?
ALL: No, no, it floats. Throw her in the pond.
BEDEVERE: Wait, Wait... tell me, what also floats on water?
ALL: Bread? Apples... gravy... very small rocks...
BEDEVERE: No, no no,
KING ARTHUR: A duck!
(They all turn and look at ARTHUR. BEDEVERE looks up very impressed.)
BEDEVERE: Exactly. So . . . logically. . .
FIRST VILLAGER, (beginning to pick up the thread): If she. . . weighs the same as a duck. . . she's made of wood.
BEDEVERE: And therefore?
ALL: A witch!
```